Sterling Bank Plc

Analyst/Investor Presentation 1H 2015



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Agenda

- 1. Overview
- 2. Operating environment
- 3. Performance review
 - Earnings Analysis
 - Balance sheet analysis
- 4. Outlook



Overview



Sterling Bank at a glance

Company	Sterling Bank is a full service national commercial Bank
Accounting	International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS)
Auditors	Ernst & Young
Listing	Nigerian Stock Exchange
Focus segments	Retail, Commercial and Corporate clients
Active Customers	> 1,400,000
Headcount	> 3,000 professional employees
Channels	185 business offices and 801 ATMs



Ratings

Moody's	
Long-term Local Currency and Foreign Currency Deposit ratings	B2 (Stable Outlook)
Short-term Local Currency and Foreign Currency Deposit ratings	Not prime
Long-term Local Currency and Foreign Currency Issuer ratings	B2 (Stable Outlook)
Short-term Local Currency and Foreign Currency Issuer ratings	Not prime
Baseline Credit Assessment	В3
Adjusted Baseline Credit Assessment	В3
Counterparty Risk Assessment	B1(cr)

Ratings Agency	Short Term	Long Term	Outlook
GCR	А3	BBB	Stable
DATAPRO LIMITED	A2	BBB+	Stable



Operating Environment



Operating Environment

Policy Changes	Effective Date	Rationale
Suspension of the official (RDAS) foreign exchange market	February 2015	To curb speculative activities around the Naira and conserve foreign exchange
Commencement of Treasury Single Account	March 2015	To enhance transparency of government revenues and liquidity management
 Unified the cash reserve requirement for private and public sector funds at 31% 	May 2015	To reduce liquidity in the banking sector and demand pressure on the Naira
Inclusion of additional forty one items in the list of items not valid for foreign exchange	June 2015	To achieve stability in the foreign exchange market and ensure efficient utilization of foreign exchange
Revision of the guideline on BASEL II implementation covering elements of market risk, operational risk and Pillar 3 disclosure requirements	June 2015	To further strengthen banks capital position
Banning of acceptance of cash deposits into domiciliary accounts	July 2015	To curb speculative activities around the Naira
Publication of details of delinquent credit facilities on national dailies	August 2015	To discourage accumulation of bad loans and encourage loan repayment





Performance Review

- Earnings analysis

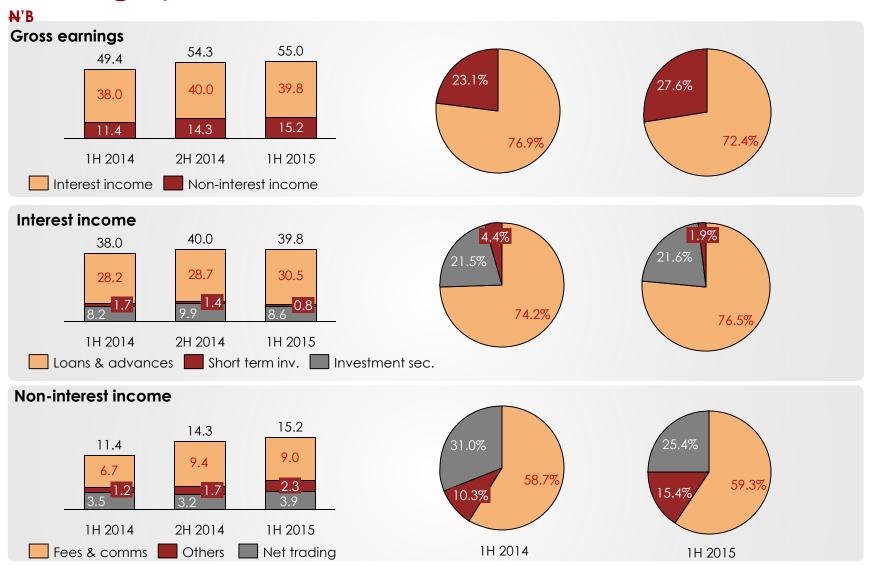


Income statement highlights

Items (N'mn)	1H 2015	% of Earnings	1H 2014	% of Earnings	YoY Growth
Gross earnings	55,042.1	100.0%	49,386.8	100.0%	11.5%
Interest income	39,834.2	72.4%	37,967.5	76.9%	4.9%
Interest expense	(20,407.3)	37.1%	(16,143.6)	32.7%	26.4%
Net interest income	19,427.0	35.3%	21,823.8	44.2%	-11.0%
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Fees and commission income	9,010.8	16.4%	6,702.8	13.6%	34.4%
Net trading income	3,857.4	7.0%	3,543.7	7.2%	8.9%
Other operating income	2,339.7	4.3%	1,172.8	2.4%	99.5%
Non-interest income	15,207.9	27.6%	11,419.3	23.1%	33.2%
Operating income	34,634.9	62.9%	33,243.1	67.3%	4.2%
Impairment charges	(4,402.3)	8.0%	(3,199.3)	6.5%	37.6%
Net operating income	30,232.5	54.9%	30,043.9	60.8%	0.6%
Personnel expenses	(5,712.5)	10.4%	(5,586.1)	11.3%	2.3%
Other operating expenses	(5,837.2)	10.6%	(4,941.2)	10.0%	18.1%
General and administrative expenses	(8,060.1)	14.6%	(9,483.5)	19.2%	-15.0%
Other premises and equipment costs	(2,676.4)	4.9%	(2,602.0)	5.3%	2.9%
Depreciation and amortisation	(1,890.7)	3.4%	(1,460.6)	3.0%	29.4%
Total expenses	(24,176.9)	43.9%	(24,073.4)	48.7%	0.4%
Profit before income tax	6,055.6	11.0%	5,970.5	12.1%	1.4%
Income tax expense	(630.1)	1.1%	(896.8)	1.8%	-29.7%
Profit after income tax	5,425.5	9.9%	5,073.7	10.3%	6.9%
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Total comprehensive income	5,423.0	9.9%	5,311.6	10.8%	2.1%

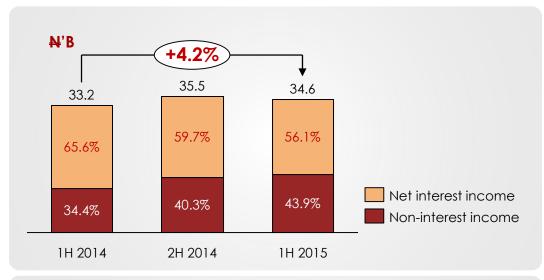


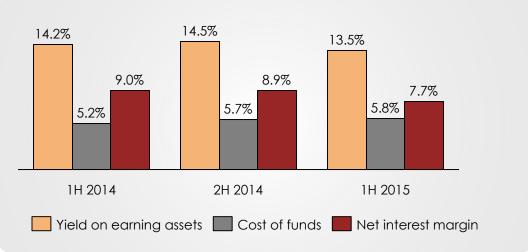
Earnings profile





Operating income

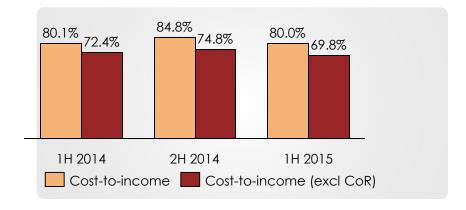


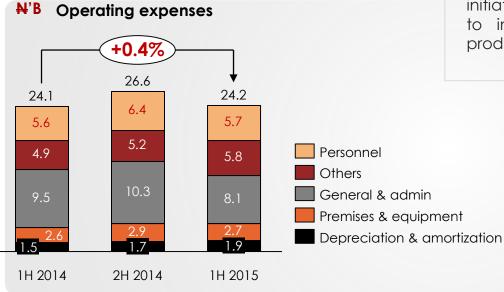


- Earnings were driven by non-interest income which rose 33% to N15.2 billion from N11.4 billion in 1H 2014
- Growth in operating income was weakened by net interest income which declined by 11% to N19.4 billion
- Yield on earning assets declined by 70 basis points, while cost of funds increased by 60 basis points due to tighter monetary policy measures
- Consequently, net interest margin declined by 130 basis points to 7.7%
- We do not expect further deterioration in margins given current drive to boost retail deposits and moderate funding costs

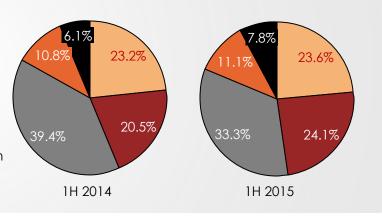


Operating Efficiency

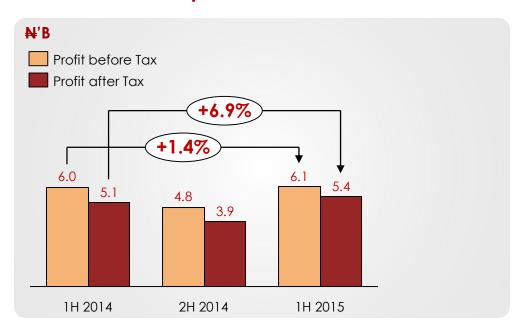




- Improvements in cost-to-income ratio was due to performance optimization and operational efficiency
- Operating expenses grew marginally by 0.4% to N24.2 billion, while cost-to-income ratio (excl. cost of risk) improved by 260 basis points to 69.8%
- Our goal is to complete the ongoing implementation of a number of technology-led service improvement initiatives across core and subsidiary systems in order to improve operating efficiency and employee productivity

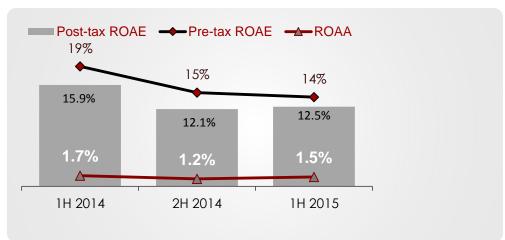


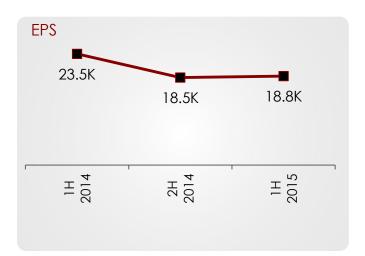
Profitability





- Sustained profit growth momentum despite pressure on earnings arising from regulatory policy changes
- PBT rose marginally by 1.4% to N6.1 billion, while PAT grew by 6.9% to N5.4 billion
- Pre-tax ROAE remained competitive at 14.0% (post-tax 12.5%)
- Decline in EPS arising from additional shares issued in December 2014









Performance Review

- Balance sheet analysis

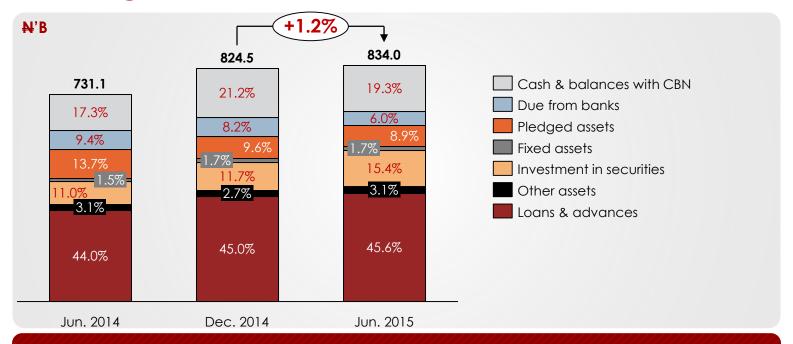


Highlights of financial position

Items (N'mn)	Jun 30 2015	% of Total Assets	Dec 31 2014	% of Total Assets	Growth
ASSETS	3011 00 2010	7100010	D 00 01 201 1	7 (33013	310WIII
Cash and balances with CBN	161,051.5	19.3%	174,760.0	21.2%	-7.8%
Due from banks	50,120.6	6.0%	67,330.1	8.2%	-25.6%
Pledged assets	74,610.4	8.9%	78,750.9	9.6%	-5.3%
Loans and advances to customers	380,158.6	45.6%	371,246.3	45.0%	2.4%
Investment in securities:	128,050.6	15.4%	96,570.7	11.7%	32.6%
- Held for trading	6,717.8	0.8%	1,949.5	0.2%	244.6%
- Available for sale	80,807.0	9.7%	49,039.4	5.9%	64.8%
- Held to maturity	40,525.7	4.9%	45,581.8	5.5%	-11.1%
Other assets	17,892.5	2.1%	14,137.0	1.7%	26.6%
Property, plant and equipment	14,186.0	1.7%	13,952.0	1.7%	1.7%
Intangible assets	1,008.0	0.1%	821.5	0.1%	22.7%
Deferred tax assets	6,971.1	0.8%	6,971.1	0.8%	0.0%
TOTAL ASSETS	834,049.2	100.0%	824,539.4	100.0%	1.2%
LIABILITIES					
Deposits from customers	638,332.2	76.5%	655,944.1	79.6%	-2.7%
Current income tax liabilities	1,276.5	0.2%	1,802.2	0.2%	-29.2%
Other borrowed funds	50,342.5	6.0%	45,371.1	5.5%	11.0%
Debt securities issued	4,562.0	0.5%	4,563.6	0.6%	0.0%
Other liabilities	51,125.2	6.1%	32,143.1	3.9%	59.1%
TOTAL LIABILITIES	745,638.3	89.4%	739,824.1	89.7%	0.8%
		0.0%			
EQUITY	88,410.9	10.6%	84,715.3	10.3%	4.4%
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND EQUITY	834,049.2	100.0%	824,539.4	100.0%	1.2%

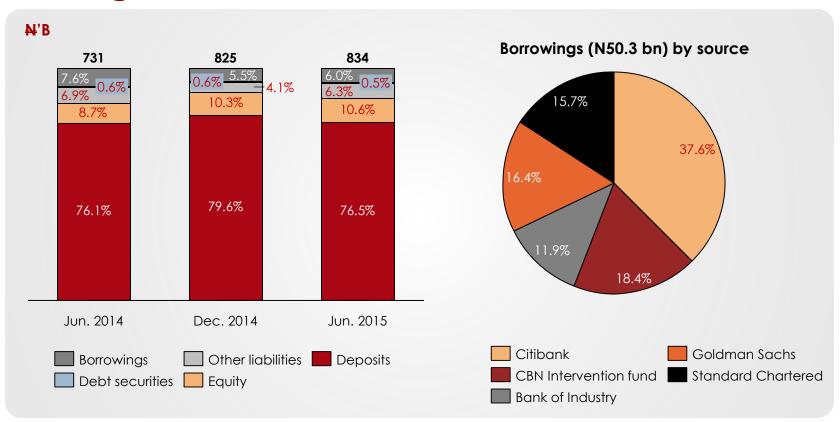


Assets growth trend



- Total assets grew by 1.2% to N834.0 billion
- Loans and advances recorded the highest contribution with 45.6% penetration level
- Cash and balances with CBN declined by 7% driven mainly by the decrease in deposits and accounted for 19.3% of total assets
- We remained focused on balance sheet optimization in order to maximize asset yield

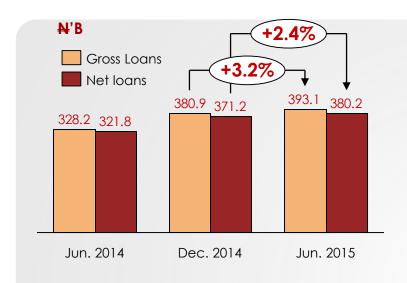
Funding mix



Deposits remained the major source of funding at 77% of total assets

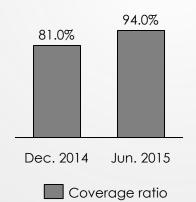


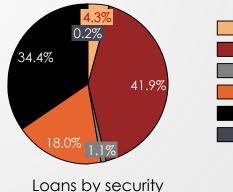
Asset quality



- Gross loans increased by 3.2% and net loans by 2.4% to N393.1 billion and N380.2 billion respectively
- Non-performing loans to gross loans (NPL ratio) increased by 40 basis points to 3.5% due to the current difficult macroeconomic conditions
- Total provisions to gross loans (cost of risk) increased by 30 basis points to 2.2%
- NPLs were adequately covered at 94%
- Loans were well secured; only 0.2% of gross loans were unsecured



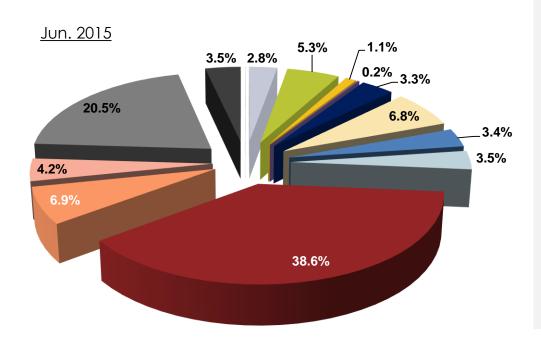








Gross loans by sector.../1



- Agriculture (Dec. 2014, 4.2%)
- Communication (Dec. 2014, 3.2%)
- Consumer (Dec. 2014, 0%)
- Education (Dec. 2014, 0.3%)
- Finance and insurance (Dec. 2014, 4.3%)
- Government (Dec. 2014, 8.9%)
- Manufacturing (Dec. 2014, 3.9%)
- Mortgage (Dec. 2014, 3.9%)
- Oil and gas (Dec. 2014, 34.6%)
- Others (Dec. 2014, 9.2%)
- Power (Dec. 2014, 3.6%)
- Real estate & construction (Dec. 2014, 21.3%)
- Transportation (Dec. 2014, 2.5%)
- Non-interest banking (Dec. 2014, 0%)

- Well continued to maintain a diversified loan book
- Oil and gas recorded the highest sectoral contribution followed by real estate and construction at 38.6% and 20.5% respectively
- Loans to the oil & gas sector were spread among the various subsectors upstream, downstream and services

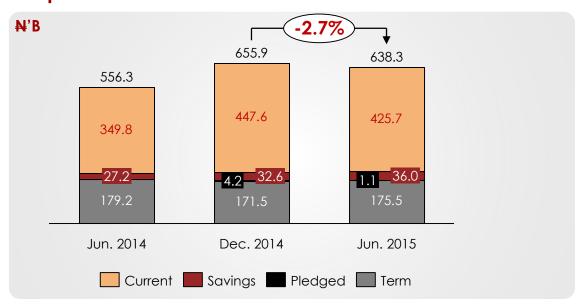


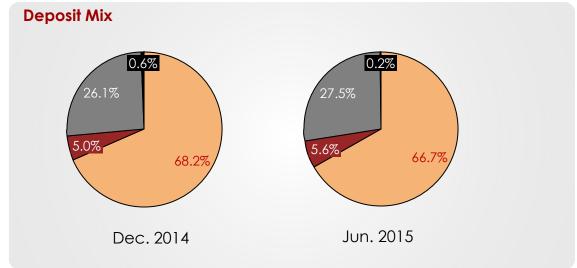
Gross loans by sector.../2

Sectors	Jun 30 2015	% of Gross Loans	Dec 31 2014	% of Gross Loans	Growth
Agriculture	11,030.2	2.8%	16,122.7	4.2%	-31.6%
Capital Market	54.4	0.0%	303.9	0.1%	-82.1%
Communication	20,672.9	5.3%	12,101.0	3.2%	70.8%
Consumer	4,286.4	1.1%	7.6	0.0%	56321.7%
Education	795.6	0.2%	1,298.4	0.3%	-38.7%
Finance and insurance	13,081.3	3.3%	16,450.3	4.3%	-20.5%
Government	26,573.8	6.8%	33,980.7	8.9%	-21.8%
Manufacturing	13,494.0	3.4%	14,739.6	3.9%	-8.5%
Mining & quarrying	398.1	0.1%	294.6	0.1%	35.1%
Mortgage	13,644.7	3.5%	14,789.2	3.9%	-7.7%
Oil and gas	151,201.1	38.5%	131,582.6	34.5%	14.9%
Others	26,993.6	6.9%	34,691.1	9.1%	-22.2%
Power	16,476.7	4.2%	13,742.9	3.6%	19.9%
Real estate & construction	80,481.8	20.5%	81,201.8	21.3%	-0.9%
Transportation	13,866.4	3.5%	9,578.4	2.5%	44.8%
Non-interest banking	79.1	0.0%	39.5	0.0%	100.3%
Gross Loans	393,130.2	100.0%	380,924.4	100.0%	3.2%



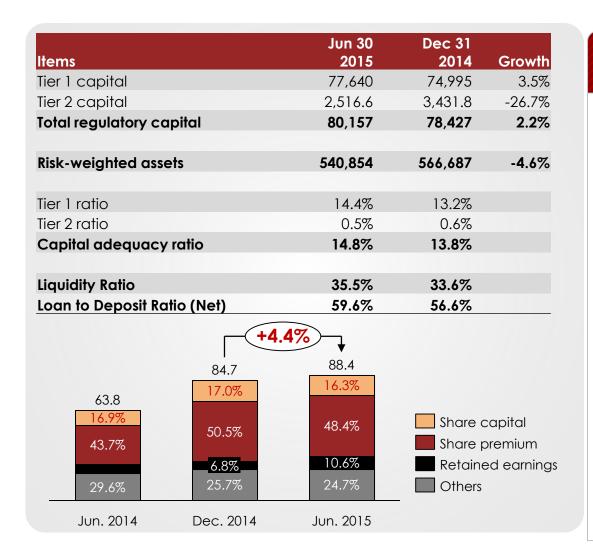
Deposits





- Deposits declined by 2.7% N638.3 billion due to a 5% reduction in current account balances
- Low cost deposits accounted for 72% (Dec. 2014: 73%) of total deposits, while wholesale funds accounted for 28%
- Savings deposits rose by 10% and accounted by 5.6% of total deposits (Dec. 2014: 5.0%) reaffirming the benefits of our retail drive

Capital and liquidity



- Capital adequacy and liquidity ratios were above the regulatory benchmarks of 10% and 30% respectively
- Net loan-to-deposit ratio increased by 300 basis points to 59.6% resulting from a decline in total deposits
- Total qualifying capital (net) increased by 2% to N80.2 billion driven by profit accretion
- We remain confident that we will complete the final tranche of our capital program in order to build additional resilience in the current difficult macro-economic conditions, while also strengthening earnings capacity



Financial ratios

Indicators	1H 2014	FY 2014	1H 2015
Pre Tax Return on Average Equity (annualized)	18.8%	16.6%	14.0%
Post Tax Return on Average Equity (annualized)	15.9%	13.9%	12.5%
Return on Average Assets (annualized)	1.7%	1.4%	1.5%
Earnings per Share	23k	42k	19k
Yield on Earning Assets	14.1%	14.2%	13.5%
Cost of Funds	5.2%	5.3%	5.8%
Net Interest Margin	8.9%	8.9%	7.7%
Cost to Income	72.4%	73.6%	69.8%
NPL Ratio	1.7%	3.1%	3.5%
Capital Adequacy Ratio	14.6%	13.8%	14.8%
Loan to Deposit Ratio	57.8%	56.6%	59.6%
Liquidity Ratio	48.6%	33.6%	35.5%





Outlook



Key initiatives

- Implementation of a number of technology-led service improvement initiatives across core and subsidiary systems in order to improve operating efficiency and employee productivity
- Finalize our capital program in order to build additional resilience under the current difficult macro-economic conditions, while also strengthening earnings capacity
- Continue the expansion of our retail footprint across various channels to further drive customer acquisition and enhance service delivery
- Continue the upgrade of the look and feel of our existing branch infrastructure
- As part of our increasing focus on cost optimization, we have set up a strategic cost management unit to sustain the improvements in cost-income relationship

